Application No.: 10/614,277 Amendment under 37 C.F.R. §1.111
Art Unit: 2828 Attorney Docket No.: 030824

## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

The listing of claims below replaces all prior versions of claims in the application.

1. (Withdrawn – Previously Presented) An optical communication module that emits

laser light having a wavelength depending on temperature and power intensity, comprising:

a laser light emitting unit that emits the laser light;

a temperature control unit that controls the temperature of the laser light emitting unit;

a power intensity control unit that controls the power intensity of the laser light emitted

from the laser light emitting unit; and

a setting value storage unit that stores a setting value determined from an optimum

power intensity that maintains a predetermined wavelength and satisfies a predetermined

temperature range and a predetermined power intensity range, and from an optimum temperature

that maintains the predetermined wavelength and satisfies the predetermined temperature range

and the predetermined power intensity range;

the temperature control unit and the power intensity control unit controlling the

temperature and the power intensity of the laser light emitting unit, based on the setting value

stored in the setting value storage unit, so that the laser light emitting unit can be operated within

the predetermined temperature range and the predetermined power intensity range even when the

laser light emitting unit does not have the optimum power intensity.

- 2 -

Application No.: 10/614,277 Amendment under 37 C.F.R. §1.111
Art Unit: 2828 Attorney Docket No.: 030824

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2. (Withdrawn) The optical communication module as claimed in claim 1, wherein:

the laser light emitting unit can vary wavelengths; and

the setting value storage unit stores a setting value for each of the wavelengths.

3. (Withdrawn) The optical communication module as claimed in claim 1, comprising

two or more laser light emitting units, each of which being the same as the laser light emitting

unit, two or more temperature control units, each of which being the same as the temperature

control unit, and two or more power intensity control units, each of which being the same as the

power intensity control unit.

4. (Withdrawn) The optical communication module as claimed in claim 1, wherein:

the temperature control unit includes a temperature sensor provided in a laser module

into which laser diodes are incorporated, a cooling/heating device provided in the laser module,

and a temperature drive circuit for driving the cooling/heating device so that a temperature

detected by the temperature sensor satisfies the setting value; and

the power intensity control unit includes a photodetector provided inside and/or outside

the laser module, a laser drive circuit for inputting drive current to the laser diodes, and a power

intensity control circuit for controlling the laser drive circuit so that a power intensity detected by

the photodetector satisfies the setting value.

- 3 -

Amendment under 37 C.F.R. §1.111 Attorney Docket No.: 030824

Application No.: 10/614,277

Art Unit: 2828

5. (Withdrawn - Previously Presented) A wavelength locker module that causes laser

light emitted from a laser module to maintain a predetermined wavelength, comprising:

a temperature control unit that controls the temperature of the laser module;

a power intensity control unit that controls the power intensity of the laser light emitted

from the laser module; and

a setting value storage unit that stores a setting value determined from an optimum

power intensity that maintains the predetermined wavelength and satisfy predetermined

temperature conditions and predetermined power intensity conditions, and from an optimum

temperature that maintains the predetermined wavelength and satisfy the predetermined

temperature conditions and the predetermined power intensity conditions,

the temperature control unit and the power intensity control unit controlling the

temperature and the power intensity of the laser module, based on the setting value stored in the

setting value storage unit, to thereby cause the laser light to maintain the predetermined

wavelength, so that the laser module can be operated within the predetermined temperature range

and the predetermined power intensity range even when the laser module does not have the

optimum power intensity.

6. (Withdrawn) The wavelength locker module as claimed in claim 5, wherein:

the laser module includes a variable-wave laser; and

the setting value storage unit stores a setting value for each wavelength.

- 4 -

Art Unit: 2828 Attorney Docket No.: 030824

7. (Withdrawn) The wavelength locker module as claimed in claim 5, comprising two or

more temperature control units, each of which being the same as the temperature control unit,

and two or more power intensity control units, each of which being the same as the power

intensity control unit.

8. (Withdrawn) The wavelength locker module as claimed in claim 5, wherein:

the temperature control unit includes a temperature monitor circuit for monitoring the

temperature of the laser module based on a temperature sensor provided in the laser module, a

cooling/heating device drive circuit for driving a cooling/heating device provided in the laser

module, and a temperature control circuit for controlling the cooling/heating device drive circuit

so that the temperature monitored by the temperature monitor circuit satisfies the setting value;

and

the power intensity control unit includes a photodetector provided inside and/or outside

the laser module, a laser drive circuit for inputting drive current to laser diodes, and a power

intensity control circuit for controlling the laser drive circuit so that a power intensity detected by

the photodetector satisfies the setting value.

9. (Currently Amended) A setting value generating device that generates such a setting

value that causes laser light emitted from a laser module to have a predetermined wavelength by

wavelength tuning using a wavelength locker module in a measurement system and satisfies

- 5 -

Art Unit: 2828 Attorney Docket No.: 030824

predetermined temperature conditions and predetermined power intensity conditions, the setting

value generating device comprising:

an optimum power intensity calculating unit that calculates an optimum power intensity

setting range that maintains the predetermined wavelength and falls within a predetermined

power intensity variable range;

an optimum temperature calculating unit that calculates an optimum temperature setting

range that maintains the predetermined wavelength and falls within a predetermined temperature

variable range; and

a setting value generating unit that generates the setting value based on the optimum

power intensity setting range calculated by the optimum power intensity calculating unit and the

optimum temperature setting range calculated by the optimum temperature calculating unit,

wherein

the laser module can be operated with the setting value that is located within the

predetermined temperature setting range and the predetermined power intensity setting range and

has a power different from a center value of the predetermined power intensity variable range

even when the laser module operates outside of the predetermined temperature variable range at

the center value of the predetermined power intensity variable range while the laser light is kept

at the predetermined wavelength.

10. (Previously Presented) The setting value generating device as claimed in claim 9,

further comprising:

- 6 -

Art Unit: 2828 Attorney Docket No.: 030824

a relational expression defining unit that defines a relational expression between a

temperature and a power intensity that causes the laser module to maintain the predetermined

wavelength; and

a power intensity upper and lower limit calculating/defining unit that calculates or

defines an upper limit value and a lower limit value of a power intensity that satisfies the

relational expression and also satisfies the predetermined temperature range and the

predetermined power intensity range, wherein:

the optimum power intensity calculating unit calculates the optimum power intensity

that is the middle value between the upper limit value and the lower limit value of the power

intensity defined by the power intensity upper and lower limit calculating/defining unit; and

the optimum temperature calculating unit substitutes the optimum power intensity

calculated by the optimum power intensity calculating unit in the relational expression defined by

the relational expression defining unit, to thereby calculate the optimum temperature.

11. (Original) The setting value generating device as claimed in claim 10, wherein:

the laser module can vary wavelengths; and

the setting value is generated in relation with each of the wavelengths.

12. (Previously Presented) The setting value generating device as claimed in claim 9, the

laser module being able to vary wavelengths, further comprising:

- 7 -

Art Unit: 2828 Attorney Docket No.: 030824

a shortest wavelength relational expression defining unit that defines a shortest

wavelength relational expression that represents the relationship between a temperature and a

power intensity for causing the laser module to maintain a shortest predetermined wavelength:

a longest wavelength relational expression defining unit that defines a longest

wavelength relational expression that represents the relationship between a temperature and a

power intensity for causing the laser module to maintain a longest predetermined wavelength;

a power intensity upper limit value calculating/defining unit that calculates or defines an

upper limit value of a power intensity that satisfies the shortest wavelength relational expression

and also satisfies the predetermined temperature range and the predetermined power intensity

range; and

a power intensity lower limit value calculating/defining unit that calculates or defines a

lower limit value of a power intensity that satisfies the longest wavelength relational expression

and also satisfies the predetermined temperature range and the predetermined power intensity

range, wherein:

the optimum power intensity calculating unit calculates the optimum power intensity,

which is the middle value between the upper limit value of the power intensity determined by the

power intensity upper limit value calculating/defining unit and the lower limit value of the power

intensity determined by the power intensity lower limit value calculating/defining unit;

the optimum temperature calculating unit calculates the optimum temperature with

respect to the shortest predetermined wavelength and/or the longest predetermined wavelength by

substituting the optimum power intensity, calculated by the optimum power intensity calculating

- 8 -

Art Unit: 2828 Attorney Docket No.: 030824

unit, in the shortest wavelength relational expression and/or the longest wavelength relational

expression; and

the setting value generating unit generates the setting value for all predetermined

wavelengths, based on the optimum power intensity and the optimum temperature calculated

with respect to the shortest predetermined wavelength or the longest predetermined wavelength.

13. (Original) The setting value generating device as claimed in claim 9, further

comprising

a setting value storage unit that stores the setting value generated by the setting value

generating unit, wherein:

the laser module contains unique identification information; and

the setting value storage unit relates the setting value to the unique identification

information, and stores the setting value.

14. (Previously Presented) A method of generating a setting value in an information

processing device that generates such a setting value that causes laser light emitted from a laser

module to have a predetermined wavelength, and satisfies predetermined temperature conditions

and predetermined power intensity conditions, the method comprising the steps of:

calculating an optimum power intensity setting range that maintains the predetermined

wavelength and falls within a predetermined power intensity variable range;

- 9 -

Application No.: 10/614,277

Art Unit: 2828

Amendment under 37 C.F.R. §1.111

Attorney Docket No.: 030824

calculating an optimum temperature setting range that maintains the predetermined

wavelength and falls within a predetermined temperature variable range; and

generating the setting value based on the optimum power intensity setting range and the

optimum temperature setting range calculated in the foregoing steps unit, wherein

the laser module can be operated with the setting value that is located within the

predetermined temperature setting range and the predetermined power intensity setting range and

has a power different from a center value of the predetermined power intensity variable range

even when the laser module cannot operate within the predetermined temperature variable range

at the center value of the predetermined power intensity variable range while the laser light is

kept at the predetermined wavelength.

15. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 14, further comprising the

steps of:

defining a relational expression between a temperature and a power intensity that causes

the laser module to maintain the predetermined wavelength; and

calculating or defining an upper limit value and a lower limit value of a power intensity

that satisfies the relational expression and also satisfies the predetermined temperature range and

the predetermined power intensity range, wherein:

the step of calculating the optimum power intensity includes calculating the middle

value between the upper limit value and the lower limit value of the output value, the middle

value being the optimum power intensity; and

- 10 -

Art Unit: 2828 Attorney Docket No.: 030824

the step of calculating the optimum temperature includes substituting the optimum

power intensity in the relational expression, to thereby obtain the optimum temperature.

16. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 15, wherein:

the laser module can vary wavelengths; and

the setting value is generated in relation with each of the wavelengths.

17. (Previously Presented) The method as claimed in claim 14, the laser module being

able to vary wavelengths, further comprising the steps of:

defining a shortest wavelength relational expression that represents the relationship

between a temperature and a power intensity for causing the laser module to maintain a shortest

predetermined wavelength;

defining a longest wavelength relational expression that represents the relationship

between a temperature and a power intensity for causing the laser module to maintain a longest

predetermined wavelength;

calculating or defining an upper limit value of a power intensity that satisfies the shortest

wavelength expression and also satisfies the predetermined temperature range and the

predetermined power intensity range; and

calculating or defining a lower limit value of a power intensity that satisfies the longest

wavelength relational expression and also satisfies the predetermined temperature range and the

predetermined power intensity range, wherein:

- 11 -

Art Unit: 2828 Attorney Docket No.: 030824

the step of calculating the optimum power intensity includes calculating the middle

value between the upper limit value of the power intensity determined in the step of calculating

or defining the power intensity upper limit value, and the lower limit value of the power intensity

determined in the step of calculating or defining the power intensity lower limit value, the middle

value representing the optimum power intensity;

the step of calculating the optimum temperature includes substituting the optimum

power intensity, calculated in the step of calculating the optimum power intensity, in the shortest

wavelength relational expression and/or the longest wavelength relational expression, to thereby

calculate the optimum temperature with respect to the shortest predetermined wavelength and/or

longest predetermined wavelength; and

the step of generating the setting value includes generating the setting value for all

predetermined wavelengths, based on the optimum power intensity and the optimum temperature

calculated with respect to the shortest predetermined wavelength or the longest predetermined

wavelength.

18. (Original) The method as claimed in claim 14, the laser module containing unique

identification information, the method further comprising the step of storing the setting value that

is related to the unique identification information.

19. (Previously Presented) A program product for causing a computer to generate such a

setting value that causes laser light emitted from a laser module to have a predetermined

- 12 -

Art Unit: 2828 Attorney Docket No.: 030824

wavelength and satisfies predetermined temperature conditions and predetermined power

intensity conditions, the program product comprising:

instructions for calculating an optimum power intensity setting range that maintains the

predetermined wavelength and falls within a predetermined power intensity variable range;

instructions for calculating an optimum temperature setting range that maintains the

predetermined wavelength and falls within a predetermined temperature variable range; and

instructions for generating the setting value based on the optimum power intensity

setting range calculated in accordance with the optimum power intensity calculating instructions,

and the optimum temperature setting range calculated in accordance with the optimum

temperature calculating instructions unit, wherein

the laser module can be operated with the setting value that is located within the

predetermined temperature setting range and the predetermined power intensity setting range and

has a power different from a center value of the predetermined power intensity variable range

even when the laser module cannot operate within the predetermined temperature variable range

at the center value of the predetermined power intensity variable range while the laser light is

kept at the predetermined wavelength.

20. (Previously Presented) The program product as claimed in claim 19, further

comprising:

instructions for defining a relational expression between a temperature and a power

intensity that causes the laser module to maintain the predetermined wavelength; and

Art Unit: 2828 Attorney Docket No.: 030824

instructions for calculating or defining an upper limit value and a lower limit value of a power intensity that satisfies the relational expression and also satisfies the predetermined

temperature range and the predetermined power intensity range, wherein

the optimum power intensity calculating instructions include an instruction for

calculating the middle value between the upper limit value and the lower limit value of the power

intensity calculated in accordance with the instructions for calculating or defining the power

intensity upper and lower values, the middle value being the optimum power intensity; and

the optimum temperature calculating instructions include an instruction for substituting

the optimum power intensity, calculated in accordance with the instructions for calculating the

optimum power intensity, in the relational expression defined in accordance with the instructions

for defining the relational expression.

21. (Original) The program product as claimed in claim 20, further comprising

instructions for generating the setting value in relation to each predetermined wavelength that the

laser module can have, the laser module being able to vary wavelengths.

22. (Previously Presented) The program product as claimed in claim 19, further

comprising:

instructions for defining a shortest wavelength relational expression that represents the

relationship between a temperature and a power intensity for causing the laser module to

maintain a shortest predetermined wavelength;

- 14 -

Art Unit: 2828 Attorney Docket No.: 030824

instructions for defining a longest wavelength relational expression that represents the

relationship between a temperature and a power intensity for causing the laser module to

maintain a longest predetermined wavelength;

instructions for calculating or defining an upper limit value of a power intensity that

satisfies the shortest wavelength relational expression and also satisfies the predetermined

temperature range and the predetermined power intensity range; and

instructions for calculating or defining a lower limit value of a power intensity that

satisfies the longest wavelength relational expression and also satisfies the predetermined

temperature range and the predetermined power intensity range,

the computer executing all the forgoing instructions, wherein:

the optimum power intensity is calculated as the middle value between the upper limit

value of the power intensity determined in accordance with the instructions for calculating or

defining the power intensity upper limit value, and the lower limit value of the power intensity

determined in accordance with the instructions for calculating or defining the power intensity

lower limit value;

the optimum temperature with respect to the shortest predetermined wavelength and/or

the longest predetermined wavelength is calculated by substituting the optimum power intensity,

calculated in accordance with the instructions for calculating the optimum power intensity, in the

shortest wavelength relational expression and/or the longest wavelength relational expression;

and

- 15 -

Art Unit: 2828 Attorney Docket No.: 030824

the setting value is generated for all predetermined wavelengths, based on the optimum

power intensity and the optimum temperature calculated with respect to the shortest

predetermined wavelength or the longest predetermined wavelength.

23. (Original) The program product as claimed in claim 19, further comprising

instructions for storing the setting value that is related to unique identification information

allocated to the laser module.

24. (Previously Presented) A recording medium on which a program for causing a

computer to generate such a setting value that causes laser light emitted from a laser module to

have a predetermined wavelength and satisfies a predetermined temperature range and a

predetermined power intensity range, is recorded, the program comprising:

instructions for calculating an optimum power intensity setting range that maintains the

predetermined wavelength and falls within the predetermined power intensity variable range;

instructions for calculating an optimum temperature setting range that maintains the

predetermined wavelength and falls within a predetermined temperature variable range; and

instructions for generating the setting value based on the optimum power intensity

calculated in accordance with the optimum power intensity setting range calculating instructions

and the optimum temperature setting range calculated in accordance with the optimum

temperature calculating instructions, wherein

- 16 -

Art Unit: 2828 Attorney Docket No.: 030824

the laser module can be operated with the setting value that is located within the

predetermined temperature setting range and the predetermined power intensity setting range and

has a power different from a center value of the predetermined power intensity variable range

even when the laser module cannot operate within the predetermined temperature variable range

at the center value of the predetermined power intensity variable range while the laser light is

kept at the predetermined wavelength.

- 17 -